INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Officials		1
Independent Auditor's Report		2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-12
Basic Financial Statements:	Exhibi	<u>.t</u>
District-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	A B C	13 14-15 16
to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement	D E	17 18-19
of Activities	F	20
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	G H	21 22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Notes to Financial Statements	I J	23 24 25-33
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting		34 35
Other Supplementary Information:	Schedu	<u>le</u>
Non-major Special Revenue Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	1	36
Fund Balances Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts Schedule of Changes in Private Purpose Trusts Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function - All	2 3 4	37 38 39
Governmental Funds	5	40
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting		41-42
Schedule of Findings		43-44

OFFICIALS

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	BOARD OF EDUCATION	
	(Before September, 2003 Election)	
Kathy Eberline Dale Johnson Terry Roose Eric Bixby Anne Scroggin	President Vice President	2003 2004 2003 2005 2003
	(After September, 2003 Election)	
Dale Johnson Eric Bixby Anne Scroggin Sue Reiher Jon Heuer	President Vice President	2004 2005 2006 2006 2004

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Warren Davison Superintendent

Noreen Wiegmann District Secretary/
Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Education of the Allison-Bristow Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District, Allison, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Allison-Bristow Community School District as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2004, Allison-Bristow Community School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments; Omnibus; Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures; Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Perspective Differences; and Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our reports dated November 4, 2004 on our consideration of Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 34 through 35 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Allison-Bristow Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report. The financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2003 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK Certified Public Accountant

November 4, 2004

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Allison-Bristow Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

Because the District is implementing new reporting standards for this fiscal year with significant changes in content and structure, much of the information is not easily comparable to prior years. However, in future years, comparisons will be more meaningful and will go further in explaining the District's financial position and results of operations.

2004 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$2,715,747 in fiscal 2003 to \$2,696,791 in fiscal 2004, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$2,714,016 in fiscal year 2003 to \$2,818,967 in fiscal 2004. The District's General Fund balance decreased from \$378,768 in fiscal 2003 to \$255,592 in fiscal 2004, a 33% decrease.
- The District participates in a 28E consortium with 15 other school districts to provide health insurance for its employees. As Fiscal Year 2004 began, this consortium operated a self-funded insurance plan. Premiums set in April 2003 showed a 56% increase in premiums.
- With the significant increase in premiums, deficits in the funding of the consortium's plan required the consortium to assess its members for additional funding beyond the insurance premiums paid monthly. For the District, this resulted in the payment of \$20,480 in assessments over and above its monthly insurance premiums. In addition, in January 2004 the consortium moved to a fully-funded insurance program with Wellmark Blue Cross Blue Shield. Insurance premiums increased mid-year by approximately 30% for the District. This resulted in an additional \$53,088 beyond what had been budgeted for health insurance by the District. In November 2003, the Governor implemented a 2.5% across-the-board cut in state funding. In June, due to increased state revenues, the Governor restored 10% of the across-the-board cut, resulting in a net cut of 2.25% for the District. This meant the District received a cut in state aid and categorical funding of \$26,828.
- The District received \$32,759 in a federal Small Rural Schools Achievement Grant as part of the Rural Education Achievement Program.
- The District's Certified Enrollment dropped slightly from 353.1 students in September 2002 to 342.2 students in September 2003.
- To pay for the education of students placed in Juvenile Homes, the state deducted \$189 from the District's state aid.
- The difference between the open enrollment out and the open enrollment in decreased by 3.8 students from 2002-03 to 2003-04. The net difference between the District's open enrollment in (positive financial impact) and its open enrollment out (negative financial impact) was a positive 3.2 students.
- The State eliminated Phase III Educational Excellence categorical funds, which the District had previously used to provide staff development.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the general purpose financial statements and required supplementary information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

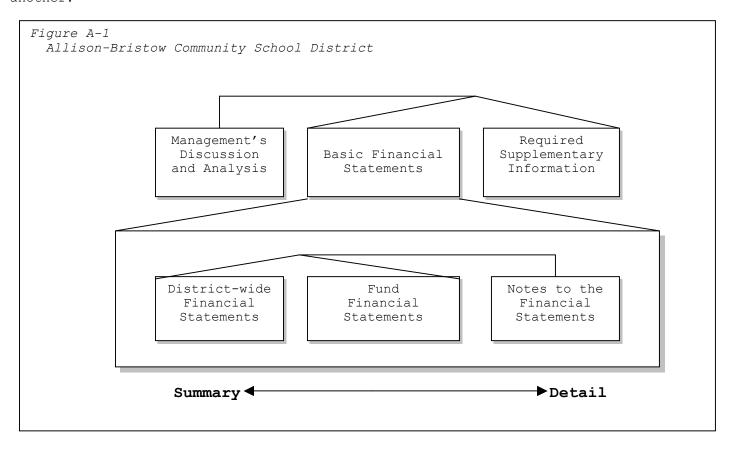


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide	Fu	and Financial Statemen	ts
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses, such as food service	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs
Required financial statements	Statement of net assetsStatement of activities	. Balance sheet . Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	. Statement of net assets . Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets . Statement of cash flows	. Statement of fiduciary net assets . Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such
 as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and
 state aid, finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Fund. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, special education, building and grounds maintenance, transportation, and administration. Most of these activities are funded with property taxes and state aid finance.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trusts.
 - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2004 compared to June 30, 2003.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in thousands)						
	Governmental Activities		Busines	s-type	Tot	al	Percentage
			Activi	ties	School D	istrict	Change
	June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2003-2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	-
Current assets	2,182	2,521	7	3	2,189	2,524	-13.27%
Capital assets	1,811	1,867	10	14	1,821	1,881	<u>-3.19%</u>
Total assets	3 , 993	4,388	17	17	4,010	4,405	<u>-8.97%</u>
Current liabilities	1,897	2,145	4	7	1,901	2,152	-11.66%
Non-current liabilities	365	555			365	<u>555</u>	<u>-34.23%</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,262</u>	2,700	4	7	2,266	<u>2,707</u>	<u>-16.29%</u>
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	1,256	1,132	10	14	1,266	1,146	10.47%
Restricted	218	177	-	-	218	177	23.16%
Unrestricted	257	379	3	(4)	260	375	<u>-30.67%</u>
Total net assets	1,731	1,688	13	10	1,744	1,698	2.71%

Fiscal year 2003-2004 marks the initial District implementation of the GASB-34 financial reporting model. As a result, complete prior year comparisons are not available but will be provided in all subsequent years.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2004.

	Change in Net Assets (expressed in thousands)					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total School District			
	\$	\$	\$			
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for service and sales	289	67	356			
Operating grants, contributions						
and restricted interest	438	51	489			
General revenues:						
Property tax	1,301	-	1,301			
Income surtax	59	-	59			
Unrestricted state grants	1,010	-	1,010			
Unrestricted investment earnings	4	-	4			
Other	4	_	4			
Total revenues	3,105	118	3,223			

Governmental activities:

Non-instructional programs

Instruction
Support Services

Other expenses

Change in net assets

Total expenses

Figure A-4

1,921

934

136

184

3,175

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 72% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily related to instruction and support services, which account for 90% of the total expenses.

1,921

934

20

46

184

3,059

116

116

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenues for governmental activities were \$3,104,974 and expenses were \$3,059,461.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses.

	Figure A-5			
	Total and Net Cost of G	Governmental Activities		
	(expressed i	n thousands)		
	Total Cost	Net Cost		
	of Services	of Services		
	\$	\$		
Instruction	1,921	1,337		
Support Services	934	891		
Non-instructional programs	20	20		
Other expenses	184	<u>84</u>		
Totals	3,059	2,332		

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$289,517.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$437,869.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,300,179 in property tax, \$1,010,099 in state foundation aid, and \$3,850 in interest income.

PROPRIETARY-TYPE FUNDS

Revenues for the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$118,450 and expenses were \$116,253. The revenues include charges for services, contributions, and federal and state reimbursements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The Allison-Bristow Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,731,277, which is greater than last year's ending fund balance of \$1,685,764.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND HIGHLIGHTS

Several factors contributed to the small increase of the fund balance in the District's governmental funds. Some of these factors were unexpected; some were deliberately planned.

- An increase in tuition received and other miscellaneous revenues were not anticipated.
- An across-the-board cut by the Governor in state aid reduced revenues in the General Fund by \$26,828.
- Unexpected assessments and mid-year increases in premiums for health insurance increased expenditures in the General Fund by \$73,588.

PROPRIETARY FUND HIGHLIGHTS

School Nutrition Fund net assets increased from \$9,988 at June 30, 2003 to \$12,185 at June 30, 2004, representing an increase of approximately 22%.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

It is the District's practice, as is in most Iowa school district, to budget expenditures at or about the maximum authorized spending. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed the actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District has invested more than \$1.8 million by the end of fiscal year 2004 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, kitchen, computers and audio-visual equipment, maintenance equipment, school buses and other vehicles, library holdings, and textbooks. Total depreciation expenses for the year exceeded \$60,000.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The District had \$555,000 in general obligation, revenue and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$180,000 from the previous year.

The District had total outstanding bonded indebtedness (including interest) on June 30, 2004, of \$504,600. The principal and interest on the bonds will be paid in full by June 1, 2007. The District makes principal and interest payments annually on these bonds using property tax dollars obtained through a debt service levy specifically for these bonds.

CAPITAL LOAN NOTES

The district built an addition to the elementary school in 1996 using money obtained through capital loan notes. The money generated through the physical plant and equipment levy is used to pay off the principal and interest on the capital loan notes. At the end of the fiscal year 2004 the district still owed \$96,615 in principal and interest on the capital loan notes. The last payment will be made June 1, 2006.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- In January 2004, the voters of Butler County approved a ten-year School Infrastructure Local Option sales tax, which will provide funds for property tax reduction and school infrastructure projects affecting the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds of the District beginning July 2004.
- To offset the impact of declining enrollment, the State has provided a budget guarantee provision for districts. This budget guarantee provision is being phased out over a 10 year period. The District was on budget guarantee for Fiscal Year 2004 and will continue to be on budget guarantee for several years to come. Due to previous and continued declining enrollment, the amount of this reduction due to the phase out of the budget guarantee will likely grow over the next several years.

- The move from a self-funded health insurance plan to a fully funded health insurance plan will provide increased stability for insurance premiums in the future.
- In June 2007, the District will complete its payment of its bonded indebtedness for the high school addition.
- The District will continue to be required to comply with unfunded and under funded mandates from the federal and state governments such as the federal No Child Left Behind Act and the state Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Initiative. This will require the District to find ways to provide services in the areas of assessment and professional development, which will divert funds from other student service areas.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Noreen Wiegmann, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Allison-Bristow Community School District, 513 Birch Street, Allison, Iowa 50602.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	436,619	4,477	441,096
ISCAP investments	317,712	_	317,712
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	19,728	_	19,728
Succeeding year	1,327,150	-	1,327,150
Income surtax - succeeding year	61,568	-	61,568
Due from other governments	13,349	-	13,349
Other receivables	6,345	-	6,345
Inventories	-	2,485	2,485
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,810,892	9,701	1,820,593
Total assets	3,993,363	16,663	4,010,026
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,392	4,478	5 , 870
Accrued interest payable	1,976	-	1,976
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	1,327,150	-	1,327,150
Succeeding year income surtax	61,568	-	61,568
ISCAP warrants payable	315,000	-	315,000
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	145,000	_	145,000
Capital loan notes payable	45,000		45,000
Portion due after one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	320,000	_	320,000
Capital loan notes payable	45,000	_	45,000
Total liabilities	2,262,086	4,478	2,266,564
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,255,892	9,701	1,265,593
Restricted for:			04 ==0
Management levy	21,770	_	21,770
Student activities	25,427	_	25,427
Physical plant and equipment levy	85 , 260	_	85 , 260
Debt service	86,336	-	86,336
Unrestricted	256,592	2,484	259,076
Total net assets	1,731,277	12,185	1,743,462

Statement of Activities

		Program Revenues		_		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction	1,373,271	202,692	154,921	(1,015,658)	_	(1,015,658)
Special instruction	310,721	49,743	96,202	(164,776)	_	(164,776)
Other instruction	237,091	_	80,604	(156,487)	-	(156,487)
	1,921,083	252,435	331,727	(1,336,921)		(1,336,921)
Support services:						
Student services	41,941	_	1,594	(40,347)	_	(40,347)
Instructional staff services	87,642	_		(87,642)	_	(87,642)
Administration services	357,173	_	_	(357, 173)	_	(357,173)
Operation and maintenance of	33.,			(00., ,		(,,
plant services	269,653	_	2,100	(267,553)	_	(267,553)
Transportation services	177,590	37,082	1,770	(138,738)	_	(138,738)
•	933,999	37,082	5,464	(891,453)		(891, 453)
Non-instructional programs:						
Food service operations	20,059			(20,059)		(20,059)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	98,735	_	98,735	_	_	_
Long-term debt services	300	- .	-	(300)	_	(300)
Long-term debt interest	30,647	_	1,402	(29,245)	_	(29,245)
Facilities acquisition and			, -	(- , ,		(- , ,
construction	7,262	_	541	(6,721)	_	(6,721)
Depreciation (unallocated) *	47,376	_	_	(47,376)	_	(47,376)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	184,320		100,678	(83,642)		(83,642)
Total governmental activities	3,059,461	289 , 517	437,869	(2,332,075)	-	(2,332,075)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2004

		Progr	am Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business-Type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Nutrition services	116,253	67,406	51,044		2,197	2,197
Total	3,175,714	356,923	488,913	(2,332,075)	2,197	(2,329,878)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				970,180	_	970,180
Management levy				74,778	-	74,778
Debt service				169,685	-	169,685
Capital outlay				85 , 536	-	85,536
Income surtax				59,506	-	59,506
Unrestricted state grants				1,010,099	-	1,010,099
Unrestricted investment earnings				3,850	-	3,850
Other				3,954	_	3,954
Total general revenue				2,377,588		2,377,588
Change in net assets				45,513	2,197	47,710
Net assets beginning of year, as restate	ed (note 7)			1,685,764	9,988	1,695,752
Net assets end of year				1,731,277	12,185	1,743,462

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2004

		Debt	Nonmajor Special	
	General	Service	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	221,269	85 , 787	129,563	436,619
ISCAP investments	317,712	_	_	317,712
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Current year	14,766	2,525	2,437	19,728
Succeeding year	1,012,227	161,635	153,288	1,327,150
Income surtax - succeeding year	61 , 568	-	-	61,568
Due from other governments	13,349	-	-	13,349
Other receivables	5,888		457	6,345
Total assets	1,646,779	249,947	285,745	2,182,471
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,392	-	-	1,392
ISCAP warrants payable	315,000	-	-	315,000
Deferred revenue:				
Succeeding year property tax	1,012,227	161,635	153,288	1,327,150
Succeeding year income surtax	61,568			61,568
Total liabilities	1,390,187	161,635	153,288	1,705,110
Fund balances:				
Reserved for debt service	_	88,312	_	88,312
Unreserved	256,592		132,457	389,049
Total fund equity and other credits	256 , 592	88,312	132,457	477,361
Total liabilities and fund balances	1,646,779	249,947	285 , 745	2,182,471

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2004

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)		\$ 477,361
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		1,810,892
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds General obligation bonds Capital loan notes	(1,608) (368)	(1,976)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds General obligation bonds Capital loan notes	(465,000) (90,000)	 (555,000)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ 1,731,277

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:				
Local sources	1 000 606	1.60605	1.60 01.4	1 252 625
Local tax	1,029,686	169,685	160,314	1,359,685
Tuition	223,209	-	-	223,209
Other	74,112	1,137	76,523	151,772
State sources	1,243,906	265	259	1,244,430
Federal sources	125,878			125,878
Total revenues	2,696,791	171,087	237,096	3,104,974
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular instruction	1,350,773	-	22,498	1,373,271
Special instruction	310,721	-	-	310,721
Other instruction	167,924	_	69 , 167	237,091
	1,829,418		91,665	1,921,083
Support services:				
Student services	41,941	_	_	41,941
Instructional staff services	87,642	_	_	87,642
Administration services	352,512	_	4,661	357,173
Operation and maintenance of plant services	234,765	_	34,888	269,653
Transportation services	158,406	_	10,478	168,884
Transportation dervices	875,266		50,027	925,293
Non instructional programs.				
Non-instructional programs:	4			
Food service operations	15,548		4,511	20,059
Other expenditures:				
AEA flowthrough	98,735	-	_	98 , 735
Long-term debt:				
Services	-	300	_	300
Principal	_	180,000	_	180,000
Interest	_	31,277	_	31,277
Facilities acquisition and construction			7,262	7,262
	98,735	211,577	7,262	317,574
Total expenditures	2,818,967	211,577	153,465	3,184,009

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Fund Types

			Nonmajor	
		Debt	Special	
	General	Service	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	(100 176)	(40, 400)	02 (21	(70 025)
expenditures	(122,176)	(40,490)	83,631	(79 , 035)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	_	46,370	_	46,370
Operating transfers out	<u>-</u>		(46,370)	(46,370)
		46,370	(46,370)	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and				
other financing uses	(122,176)	5,880	37,261	(79,035)
Fund balances beginning of year, as				
restated (note 7)	378,768	82,432	95,196	556,396
Fund balances end of year	256 , 592	88,312	132,457	477,361

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)	\$	(79,035)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:		
Depreciation expense		(56,082)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		180,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		630
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$	45,513
change in het assets of governmental accevities (Exhibit b)	Y	70,010

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Proprietary Fund

	School Nutrition
	\$
On a wat in a supramum.	
Operating revenue: Local sources:	
Charges for services	67.406
Charges for services	67,406
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	40,991
Benefits	7,569
Services	784
Supplies	62,320
Depreciation	4,589
Total operating expenses	116,253
Operating (loss)	(48,847)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,965
Federal sources	49,049
Interest income	30
	51,044
Changes in net assets	2,197
Net assets beginning of year	9,988
Net assets end of year	<u>12,185</u>

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2004

	School Nutrition \$
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	67,406
Cash payments to employees for services	(48,560)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(50,165)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(31,319)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,965
Federal grants received	40,151
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	42,116
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	30
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,827
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	(6,350)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	4,477
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	(48,847)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	4,589
Commodities used	8,898
(Increase) in inventory Increase in accounts payable	(100) 4,141
increase in accounts payable	
	(31,319)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to	
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	
Current assets:	
Cash	4,477

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the District received federal commodities valued at \$8,898.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

	Private Purpose Trusts
	Scholarships
	\$
Assets	
Cash	15,088
Total assets	15,088
Net Assets	
Reserved for scholarships	15,088
Total net assets	15,088

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

	Private Purpose Trusts	
	Scholarships	
	\$	
Additions:		
Local sources:		
Miscellaneous	4,234	
Total additions	4,234	
Deductions: Support services:		
Scholarships	2,900	
Total deductions	2,900	
Change in net assets	1,334	
Net assets beginning of year	13,754	
Net assets end of year	15,088	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2004

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Allison-Bristow Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Allison and Bristow, Iowa, and agricultural area in Butler County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Allison-Bristow Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Allison-Bristow Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Butler County Assessor Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements - The Statements of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the tow preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other non-major governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. the District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used for scholarship payments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sale and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the District-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2002 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2003.

 $\underline{\text{Due From Other Governments}}$ - $\underline{\text{Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.}$

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and contributed value for government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the District-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the District-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2004.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the District-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. Expenditures in the Instruction and Support Services functions exceeded the amounts budgeted.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2004 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2004.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Balance			
	Beginning			
	of Year, as			Balance
	restated			End of
	(note 7)	Increases	Decreases	Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	37,525			37,525
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,708,800	_	_	2,708,800
Furniture and Equipment	319,675			319,675
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,028,475	<u> </u>		3,028,475
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	925,584	47,376	_	972 , 960
Furniture and Equipment	273,442	8,706		282,148
Total accumulated depreciation	1,199,026	56,082		1,255,108
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,829,449	(56,082)		1,773,367
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	1,866,974	(56,082)		1,810,892
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	55 , 064	0	-	55 , 064
Less accumulated depreciation	40,774	4,589		45,363
Business type activities capital assets, net	14,290	(4,589)		9,701
Depreciation expense was charged to the following	functions:			
Governmental activities:				
Support services:				
Transportation				8,706
Unallocated				47,376
				56,082
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				4,589
<u> -</u>				

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$85,805, \$84,947, and \$80,224 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$98,735 for year ended June 30, 2004 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(6) Risk Management

Allison-Bristow Community School District is a member in the Iowa Star Schools Benefits Association, an Iowa Code Chapter 28E organization. The Iowa Star Schools Benefits Association (ISSBA) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose members include various schools throughout the State of Iowa. ISSBA was formed July 1999 for the purpose of managing and funding employee benefits.

Prior to January 1, 2004 each member's contributions to ISSBA funds current operations and provided capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, ISSBA's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. The Iowa Star Schools Benefit Association entered into a fully funded insurance program as of January 1, 2004. The District paid \$20,480 in additional assessments during the year ending June 30, 2004 as its share of closing out the self-insured risk sharing pool activities of ISSBA. No further liability as a result of this program is anticipated.

Allison-Bristow Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(7) Accounting Change

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2004. The interpretation modifies when compensated absence and early retirement liabilities are recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, Statement Number 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments; Omnibus, Statement Number 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, and Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Perspective Differences; were implemented during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. The statements create new basic financial statements for reporting the District's financial activities. The financial statements now include District-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The District-wide financial statements split the District's programs between business-type and governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities has been restated to include capital assets, long-term liabilities and the changes in assets and liabilities at July 1, 2003 caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

	Fund			
	·	Debt	Nonmajor	
	General	Service	Special/Revenue	Total
Net assets, June 30, 2003, as previously reported GASB Interpretation 6 adjustments	\$378,768 	82,432	95 , 196	556 , 396
Net assets, July 1, 2003, as restated for governmental funds	\$ <u>378,768</u>	<u>82,432</u>	<u>95,196</u>	556,396
GASB 34 adjustments: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of				1,866,974
Accrued interest payable				(2,606)
Long-Term Liabilities: Bonds payable				(735,000)
Net assets, July 1, 2003, as restated				\$ <u>1,685,764</u>

(8) General Obligation Bonds

Details of the District's General Obligation Bonds issued June 1, 2001 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	<u>Principa</u> l	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2005 2006 2007	4.10% 4.15 4.20	\$145,000 155,000 165,000	19,307 13,363 _6,930	164,307 168,363 171,930
Total		\$465,000	<u>39,600</u>	504,600

(9) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Loan Notes	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$605,000 - 140,000	130,000 - 40,000	735,000 - 180,000
Balance end of year	\$ <u>465,000</u>	90,000	<u>555,000</u>

(10) Capital Loan Notes

Details of the District's June 30, 2004 Capital Loan Note indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2005 2006	4.90% 4.90	\$45,000 45,000	4,410 2,205	49,410 47,205
Total		\$ <u>90,000</u>	<u>6,615</u>	<u>96,615</u>

Payments are to be made with proceeds from the District's voted Physical Plant and Equipment levy.

(11) Iowa School Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP)

The District participates in the Iowa Schools Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP). ISCAP is a program of the Iowa Association of School Boards, administered by Norwest Bank Iowa, N.A, and is designed to provide funds to participating entities during periods of cash deficits. ISCAP is funded by a semiannual issuance of anticipatory warrants, which mature as noted below. The warrant sizing of each school corporation is based on a projection of cash flow needs during the semiannual period. Norwest maintains ISCAP accounts for each participating entity and provides monthly statements regarding their cash balance, interest earnings, and amounts available for withdrawal for each outstanding series of warrants. These accounts are reflected as restricted assets on the balance sheet. A summary of the District's participation in ISCAP as of June 30, 2004 is as follows:

		Final		
	Warrant	Warrant		Warrants
<u>Series</u>	Date	<u>Maturity</u>	Investment	<u> Payable</u>
2004-05A	6/30/04	6/30/05	317 , 712	315,000

The District pledges its state foundation aid payments and General Fund receipts as security for warrants issued. Repayments must be made when General Fund receipts are received. If a balance is outstanding on the last date the funds are available to be drawn, then the District must repay the outstanding withdrawal from its General Fund receipts, and must make minimum warrant repayments on the 25th of each month immediately following the final date that the warrant proceeds may be used in an amount equal to 25% of the warrant amount.

There was no ISCAP advance activity for the year ended June 30, 2004.

The warrants bear an interest rate and the proceeds of the warrants are invested at an interest rate as shown below:

	Interest Rates	Interest Rates
Series	on Warrants	on Investments
2004-05A	2.463%	3.000%

The net interest earned or due from the series is recorded as a revenue or a expenditure at maturity.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total Budgeted Amounts		Amounts	Final to Actual	
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance -	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Receipts:							
Local sources	1,734,666	67,436	1,802,102	1,847,036	1,847,036	(44,934)	
State sources	1,244,430	1,965	1,246,395	1,323,248	1,323,248	(76,853)	
Federal sources	125,878	49,049	174,927	178,000	178,000	(3,073)	
Total receipts	3,104,974	118,450	3,223,424	3,348,284	3,348,284	(124,860)	
Disbursements:							
Instruction	1,921,083	=	1,921,083	1,891,476	1,891,476	(29,607)	
Support services	925,293	-	925 , 293	849,000	849,000	(76,293)	
Non-instructional programs	20,059	116,253	136,312	145,000	145,000	8,688	
Other expenditures	317,574	<u> </u>	317,574	450,829	450,829	133,255	
Total disbursements	3,184,009	116,253	3,300,262	3,336,305	3,336,305	36,043	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts							
over (under) disbursements	(79,035)	2 , 197	(76,838)	11,979	11,979	(88,817)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under)							
disbursements and other financing uses	(79,035)	2,197	(76,838)	11,979	11,979	(88,817)	
Balance beginning of year	556,396	9,988	566,384	570,614	570,614	(4,230)	
Balance end of year	477,361	12,185	489,546	582,593	582,593	(93,047)	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2004

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents functions expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2004, disbursements in the instruction and support services functions exceeded the amounts budgeted.



Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2004

	Management \$	Student Activity \$	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy \$	Total \$
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments Property tax receivable:	20,633	24,970	83,960	129,563
Current year	1,137	_	1,300	2,437
Succeeding year	75,000	-	78,288	153,288
Other receivables		457		457
Total assets	96,770	25,427	163,548	285,288
Liabilities and Fund Equity				
Liabilities:				
Deferred revenue:				
Succeeding year property tax	75,000		78,288	153,288
	75,000		78 , 288	153,288
Fund equity:				
Unreserved, undesignated fund balance	21,770	25,427	85,260	132,457
	21,770	25,427	85,260	132,457
Total liabilities and fund equity	96,770	25,427	163,548	285,745

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Management	Student Activity	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:				
Local sources:	74 770		05 526	160 014
Local tax	74,778	-	85,536	160,314
Other	1,979	74,141	403	76,523
State sources	121		138	259
Total revenues	76,878	74,141	86,077	237,096
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular instruction	22,498	_	_	22,498
Co-curricular instruction	_	69,167	_	69,167
Support services:				
Administration services	4,511	_	150	4,661
Plant operation and maintenance	27,897	_	6,991	34,888
Student transportation	10,478	_	_	10,478
Non-instructional programs				
Food service operations	4,511	_	_	4,511
Other expenditures:				
Facility acquisition and construction				
services			7,262	7,262
Total expenditures	69,895	69,167	14,403	153,465
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,983	4,974	71,674	83,631
Other financing (uses): Transfer to Debt Service Fund			(46,370)	(46,370)
P				
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	6 , 983	4,974	25,304	37,261
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated (note 7)	14,787	20,453	59,956	95,196
Balance end of year	21,770	25,427	85,260	132,457

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Instrumental Music	(37)	634	544	53
Vocal Music	358	2,198	2,158	398
Computers for Education	3,811	209	679	3,341
Drama	2,448	741	466	2,723
District Football	23	-	23	-
Athletics	1,148	39 , 785	33,063	7,870
Junior High Student Council	147	-	7	140
Senior High Student Council	115	183	302	(4)
Cheerleaders	767	20	217	570
Honor Society	545	385	447	483
Consumer Science	424	25	26	423
Art	141	_	141	_
Industrial Arts	150	_	150	-
Class of 2003	369	_	26	343
Seniors	931	40	400	571
Juniors	3,161	_	2,896	265
Sophomores	3,024	_	30	2,994
Freshmen	2,657	_	_	2 , 657
Eighth Grade	1,624	2,382	1,544	2,462
Seventh Grade	792	2,382	1,543	1,631
Sixth Grade	-	2,382	1,496	886
Interest	282	222	671	(167)
School Store	4,009	1,768	5,824	(47)
Pop Machine	1,268	4,904	4,512	1,660
TAG	_	495	32	463
Yearbook	(9,399)	15,386	10,275	(4,288)
Cans for Curtains	143	_	143	-
Field Trip	1,552		1,552	
Total	20,453	74,141	69,167	25 , 427

Schedule of Changes in Private Purpose Trusts

Year ended June 30, 2004

Account	Balance Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Harms Scholarship	5,000	286	200	5,086
Burkhardt Scholarship	4,000	-	200	3,800
Allison-Bristow Scholarship	3,069	1,945	2,300	2,714
North Scholarship	1,685	3	200	1,488
Van Raden Scholarship		2,000	<u> </u>	2,000
Total	13,754	4,234	2,900	15,088

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function

All Governmental Funds

For the Last Four Years

	Modified Accrual Basis				
	2004 2003 2002 2001				
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Local sources:					
General	1,029,686	1,019,507	863,719	870 , 722	
Special revenue/debt service	329,999	253,809	287,795	286,782	
	1,359,685	1,273,316	1,151,514	1,157,504	
State sources:					
General	1,243,906	1,290,822	1,366,330	1,430,434	
Special revenue/debt service	524	774	829	683	
	1,244,430	1,291,596	1,367,159	1,431,117	
Federal sources:					
General	125,878	135,079	87,760	99,135	
Total	2,729,993	2,699,991	2,606,433	2,687,756	

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

To the Board of Education of the Allison-Bristow Community School District:

We have audited the financial statements of the Allison-Bristow Community School District, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Allison-Bristow Community School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2004 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the general purpose financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Allison-Bristow Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and no to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Allison-Bristow Community School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 04-I-A is a material weakness. Prior year reportable conditions have all been resolved except for item 04-I-A.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Allison-Bristow Community School District and other parties to whom Allison-Bristow Community School District may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Allison-Bristow Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

November 4, 2004

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2004

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

04-I-A SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

<u>Comment</u> - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 04-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District.

 The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2004.
- 04-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2004, exceeded the <u>amended certified budget amounts in the other expenditures function.</u>

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.}}$

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$ - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- O4-II-C Questionable Disbursements We noted no disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 04-II-D <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2004

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

04-II-E <u>Business Transactions</u> - Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Amount	
Dale Johnson, Board Member	Bus driver	\$240	

The transactions with Mr. Johnson does not appear to represent a conflict of interest as it does not exceed the \$2,500 limit allowed by the Code of Iowa.

Recommendation - We recommend that the District review these transactions annually to ensure continued compliance.

Response - We will continued to review these transactions annually.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- 04-II-F <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 04-II-G Board Minutes We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board.
- 04-II-H Deposits and Investments We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.
- 04-II-I <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
- 04-II-J <u>Certified Enrollment</u> We noted no variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education.